**FL100H – Review Course in Summer 2023**

**SPEAKING PART 1 – Suggested ideas**

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| **TOPICS** | **Suggested ideas (for people in general)** |
| Major/ job  1. What is your major / job?  2. Why did you choose your current major / job?  => SIMPLE PAST  3. What are your educational / occupational plans for the future? | 1. The popularity of majors in Vietnam can vary over time and is influenced by various factors. However, some of the traditionally popular majors in Vietnam include:  * Business Administration and Economics: These majors are favored due to the perceived career opportunities in business, finance, and management sectors. They provide a broad foundation of knowledge and skills that can be applied in various industries. * Engineering and Technology: Majors such as Civil Engineering, Electrical Engineering, and Information Technology are popular choices as they offer prospects for employment in fields related to infrastructure development, technology, and innovation. * Medicine and Healthcare: The medical field, including majors like Medicine, Nursing, and Pharmacy, is highly regarded and in demand. The healthcare sector offers job stability, societal impact, and opportunities for professional growth. * Education and Pedagogy: Majors related to education, such as Teaching, Early Childhood Education, and Education Management, are popular choices for those interested in pursuing careers in teaching, educational leadership, or working with children.  1. Reasons for choosing a major in general => SIMPLE PRESENT   The reasons why people choose these majors can vary from individual to individual. Some common factors that influence these choices include:   * Job prospects and stability: Many individuals consider majors that they believe will provide good career opportunities and job security in the future. They may choose majors that align with growing industries or sectors that have a high demand for skilled professionals. * Personal interests and aptitudes: Some people select majors based on their personal interests, passions, and talents. They choose fields that align with their strengths and preferences, as they believe it will lead to greater job satisfaction and success in their chosen career paths. * Perceived societal value: Certain majors, such as medicine and education, are often chosen due to the perception of making a positive impact on society. Individuals may be motivated by a desire to help others, contribute to public health, or shape the future through education. * Influence from family and societal expectations: Cultural and familial expectations can play a role in shaping individuals' choices of majors. Some may opt for majors that are seen as prestigious or financially rewarding to meet the expectations of their families or society.  1. The occupational plans for individuals graduating from these majors can vary depending on the specific field and personal preferences. Here are some potential occupational plans for the mentioned majors:  * Business Administration and Economics: Graduates can pursue careers in business management, finance, marketing, human resources, or entrepreneurship. They may work in corporations, start their own businesses, or pursue further studies in related fields. * Engineering and Technology: Graduates can find employment in engineering firms, construction companies, technology companies, or government agencies. They may work as engineers, project managers, software developers, or researchers. * Medicine and Healthcare: Graduates can work as doctors, nurses, pharmacists, medical researchers, or healthcare administrators in hospitals, clinics, pharmaceutical companies, or public health organizations. * Education and Pedagogy: Graduates can become teachers, educators, school administrators, curriculum designers, or education consultants. They can work in schools, colleges, educational institutions, or government organizations.   It's important to note that these are general examples, and the actual career paths can vary based on individual choices, further education, professional development, and market conditions. Additionally, the labor market and occupational demands can evolve over time, so it's essential for individuals to stay updated on industry trends and adapt their skills accordingly.  Top of Form |
| Highschool  1. Where did you study at high school?  => SIMPLE PAST  2. What was your favorite subject at high school? Why did you like it?  => SIMPLE PAST  3. What was your best experience at high school? | 1. Description of a typical high school in Vietnam => SIMPLE PRESENT   A typical high school in Vietnam usually consists of multiple grade levels, ranging from 10th to 12th grade. High schools can be either public or private, with public schools being more common. Here are some characteristics of a typical high school in Vietnam:   * School structure: High schools often have a hierarchical structure with a principal or headmaster overseeing the entire school. There are usually multiple departments or faculties, each specializing in different subject areas. The school is divided into classrooms, laboratories, libraries, and administrative offices. * Curriculum: High schools in Vietnam follow a national curriculum set by the Ministry of Education and Training. The curriculum includes core subjects such as mathematics, literature, foreign languages (usually English), natural sciences (physics, chemistry, biology), social sciences (history, geography), and physical education. Students typically study a fixed set of subjects throughout their high school years. * Classrooms and teaching methods: Classes are held in designated classrooms, often with a teacher-student ratio of around 1:30. Traditional teaching methods, including lectures and textbooks, are still prevalent, although efforts are being made to incorporate more interactive and student-centered approaches. In some schools, there may be a focus on exam-oriented teaching to prepare students for the national high school graduation exams. * Extracurricular activities: High schools in Vietnam place importance on extracurricular activities to promote holistic development. Students can participate in various clubs, sports teams, cultural performances, and community service activities. These activities allow students to explore their interests, develop teamwork skills, and showcase their talents. * Study hours and workload: High school students in Vietnam often have a demanding academic workload. They attend classes for several hours each day and typically have homework assignments and self-study requirements. Many students also attend evening tutoring or additional classes to supplement their learning and prepare for exams.  1. A popular favourite subject by many high school students in Vietnam => SIMPLE PRESENT   English is often a favorite subject for many high school students in Vietnam. There are a few reasons why they may enjoy it:   * Practicality: English is recognized as a global language, and proficiency in English opens up opportunities for international communication, study abroad, and future career prospects. Students often see English as a practical and useful skill in today's interconnected world. * Cultural interest: Learning English exposes students to different cultures, literature, music, and films from English-speaking countries. This exposure can spark interest and curiosity among students, making the subject enjoyable and engaging. * Interactive learning: English classes in Vietnam have increasingly incorporated interactive activities, such as group discussions, role-plays, and multimedia resources. These methods make the learning experience more dynamic and participatory, allowing students to actively engage with the language. * Perception of relevance: Students may view English as a subject that has immediate relevance and application in their daily lives. They can use English to communicate with foreigners, access English-language media, and navigate the internet for information and entertainment.  1. The best experience at high school for students can vary from person to person, but some common highlights may include:  * Strong friendships: High school provides an environment for students to form close friendships and create lasting memories. Building connections with classmates and experiencing shared moments can be a cherished part of the high school experience. * Extracurricular involvement: Participating in extracurricular activities, such as sports teams, clubs, or cultural events, can be an enriching experience. It allows students to explore their interests, develop skills, and foster a sense of belonging and camaraderie. * Personal growth and self-discovery: High school is a period of self-discovery and personal growth. Students have the opportunity to explore their strengths, talents, and passions, and to develop their identities and aspirations for the future. * Academic achievements: Achieving academic success, such as earning high grades or winning competitions, can be a source of pride and fulfillment for students. Recognition for their efforts and accomplishments can contribute to a positive high school experience. * Mentorship and guidance: High school teachers often play a crucial role as mentors and guides for students. Supportive and inspiring teachers can make a significant impact on students' personal and academic development, providing guidance, encouragement, and valuable life lessons. * Memorable events and traditions: High schools often organize special events, such as graduation ceremonies, prom nights, cultural festivals, and field trips. These events create memorable experiences that students look back on with fondness.   Overall, the best experience at high school is subjective and can depend on individual interests, aspirations, and the quality of relationships and opportunities available in the particular high school environment. |
| Learning English  1. How long have you been learning English?  2. What do you like most about learning English? 3. Do you think it is important to learn English? | 1. I’ve been learning English for \_\_\_\_\_\_ years. I started learning English when I was \_\_\_\_\_\_ years old/ when I was in grade \_\_\_\_\_\_. (…)   1. One advantage of learning English is the ability to communicate with a large number of people around the world. English is one of the most widely spoken languages globally and is often used as a lingua franca in international business, science, and diplomacy. Learning English opens up opportunities for cultural exchange, travel, and collaboration across borders. Additionally, English is the dominant language of the internet, which means accessing a wealth of information and resources becomes more accessible when you know English. 2. Yes, learning English can be highly beneficial. English is considered the global language of communication and is widely used in business, academia, and various professional fields. It provides access to a vast amount of information, literature, and entertainment. Proficiency in English can enhance career prospects, as many multinational companies require English proficiency as a prerequisite for employment. Furthermore, learning English can promote cultural understanding and facilitate connections with people from diverse backgrounds. |
| Family  1. Do you have a large or a small family? 2. Who do you like most in your family? 3. What do you like to do with your family? | 1. About my family, I live in a ­­­­\_\_\_\_\_\_ family with \_\_\_\_\_\_ people, including …, …., … and me. (My family lives in \_\_\_\_\_\_. …) 2. I may have various family members whom I like and appreciate. It could be my parents, siblings, grandparents, or even an uncle or aunt. *(The person I like most would depend on my personal connection and the bond I have with them).* 3. With my family, there are several activities I may enjoy doing together. We could have meals together, where we share food and have conversations. We might take part in recreational activities such as going for walks, playing games, or watching movies. Some families in Vietnam also enjoy engaging in cultural traditions and celebrations together, like preparing meals for the Lunar New Year or visiting relatives during holidays. These activities help foster a sense of togetherness and create cherished memories with family members. |
| Health  1. What do you do to stay healthy? 2. What forms of physical exercise do you regularly do? 3. What habits do you think are bad for your health? | 1. People engage in various practices to stay healthy. Some common activities include:  * Regular exercise: Engaging in physical activities like walking, jogging, cycling, swimming, or participating in sports helps maintain overall fitness and promotes cardiovascular health. * Balanced diet: Consuming a nutritious diet rich in fruits, vegetables, whole grains, lean proteins, and healthy fats is essential for providing the body with the necessary nutrients. * Sufficient sleep: Getting an adequate amount of quality sleep is crucial for overall well-being and allows the body to rest, repair, and rejuvenate. * Hydration: Drinking an adequate amount of water helps maintain proper bodily functions and keeps the body hydrated. * Stress management: Engaging in stress-reducing activities such as meditation, yoga, deep breathing exercises, or hobbies can help promote mental well-being.  1. There are numerous forms of physical exercise that people regularly engage in to maintain their health and fitness levels. Some common examples include:  * Cardiovascular exercises: These activities elevate the heart rate and include exercises like running, swimming, cycling, brisk walking, dancing, or aerobic workouts. * Strength training: Exercises that target muscle strength and endurance, such as weightlifting, resistance training, or bodyweight exercises like push-ups, squats, and lunges. * Flexibility and mobility exercises: Practices like stretching, yoga, Pilates, or tai chi help improve flexibility, joint mobility, and balance. * Group classes and sports: Many people enjoy participating in group fitness classes like Zumba, kickboxing, or team sports such as soccer, basketball, or volleyball.   The choice of physical exercise depends on individual preferences, fitness goals, and available resources.   1. Some habits that are generally considered bad for people's health include:  * Sedentary lifestyle: Leading a predominantly sedentary life with minimal physical activity can contribute to various health issues, such as obesity, cardiovascular problems, and muscle weakness. * Unhealthy eating habits: Consuming excessive amounts of processed foods, sugary snacks, fast food, or sugary beverages can lead to weight gain, nutritional deficiencies, and an increased risk of chronic diseases. * Smoking and excessive alcohol consumption: Smoking tobacco products and excessive alcohol consumption can have detrimental effects on various organs, leading to an increased risk of respiratory problems, liver damage, cancer, and other health issues. * Lack of sleep: Consistently not getting enough sleep or having poor sleep habits can have negative effects on physical and mental well-being, impacting cognitive function, mood, and overall health. * Chronic stress: Prolonged periods of high stress levels can lead to various health problems, including increased risk of cardiovascular disease, weakened immune system, and mental health issues.   Top of Form |
| Food  1. What kinds of food do you often eat?  2. Do you often eat out? Why/Why not?  3. Do you like foods from other countries? Why/Why not? | 1. Vietnamese cuisine is known for its diversity, flavors, and emphasis on fresh ingredients. Some popular Vietnamese dishes include:  * Pho: A flavorful noodle soup typically made with beef or chicken broth, rice noodles, and various herbs and condiments. * Banh Mi: A Vietnamese sandwich usually filled with grilled or roasted meats, pickled vegetables, herbs, and mayonnaise, served in a crispy baguette. * Bun Cha: Grilled pork served with rice noodles, fresh herbs, and a dipping sauce. * Com Tam: Broken rice served with grilled pork chops, a fried egg, pickled vegetables, and fish sauce. * Banh Xeo: A crispy pancake made from rice flour, filled with shrimp, pork, bean sprouts, and served with lettuce and herbs for wrapping. * Goi Cuon: Fresh spring rolls filled with shrimp, pork, or vegetables wrapped in rice paper and served with a dipping sauce.   These are just a few examples, and Vietnamese cuisine encompasses a wide range of dishes, often utilizing herbs, vegetables, and spices to create flavorful and balanced meals.   1. Yes, eating out is quite common in Vietnam. Vietnamese people enjoy the vibrant street food culture and also frequent local restaurants and eateries. There are several reasons for this:  * Convenience: Eating out saves time and effort, particularly for individuals with busy schedules or limited access to cooking facilities. * Variety: Eating out allows people to try different dishes, explore new flavors, and enjoy the diverse culinary offerings available in the local food scene. * Socializing: Dining out provides opportunities for socializing with friends, family, or colleagues, and is often seen as a way to build and strengthen relationships. * Expertise: Certain dishes or street food specialties require specific skills or equipment that may not be readily available at home, leading people to opt for dining out to experience the authentic flavors.  1. Vietnamese people do enjoy foods from other countries. Vietnamese cuisine has been influenced by various cultures, including Chinese, French, and Thai, among others. As a result, Vietnamese people are generally open to trying and appreciating international cuisines. Reasons for this include:  * Cultural exchange: Vietnam has a history of cultural exchange and trade with other countries, which has introduced foreign foods and flavors to Vietnamese palates. * Travel and globalization: Increased travel and globalization have exposed Vietnamese people to diverse culinary experiences and international cuisines, leading to a greater appreciation and interest in trying foods from different cultures. * Taste preferences: Some individuals may naturally enjoy the flavors and unique characteristics of foreign cuisines, finding them complementary to their own culinary preferences. * Exploration and curiosity: Trying foods from other countries allows Vietnamese people to broaden their culinary horizons, expand their knowledge, and experience different tastes and textures. |
| Traveling  1. Do you often travel?  2. Who do you like to travel with?  3. What places do you like to visit? Why? | 1. Yes, traveling is quite popular among Vietnamese people. In recent years, there has been a significant increase in domestic and international travel within Vietnam. This trend is driven by factors such as improving living standards, increased disposable income, easier access to transportation, and a desire for exploration and leisure. 2. Vietnamese people enjoy traveling with various companions, depending on their preferences and circumstances. Some common travel companions include:  * Family: Vietnamese people often prioritize family bonds, and traveling with family members, such as parents, siblings, or children, allows for quality time together and strengthens familial relationships. * Friends: Traveling with friends offers opportunities for shared adventures, creating lasting memories, and deepening friendships. * Significant others: Couples often choose to travel together to create romantic experiences, strengthen their bond, and enjoy new destinations as a team.   The choice of travel companions ultimately depends on personal relationships, interests, and the nature of the trip.   1. Vietnamese people have diverse preferences when it comes to travel destinations. Some popular places that Vietnamese people like to visit include:  * Coastal areas: Vietnam has a long coastline with beautiful beaches and coastal cities such as Da Nang, Nha Trang, and Phu Quoc. These destinations offer opportunities for relaxation, water activities, and enjoying fresh seafood. * Historical and cultural sites: Vietnamese people have a strong sense of pride in their country's history and culture. They often visit places like Hanoi (the capital), Ho Chi Minh City, Hue, Hoi An, and Ha Long Bay to explore historical landmarks, ancient temples, traditional architecture, and UNESCO World Heritage sites. * Nature and mountains: Vietnam is blessed with diverse natural landscapes. Places like Sapa, Ha Giang, Dalat, and Moc Chau attract Vietnamese travelers with their picturesque mountains, terraced rice fields, waterfalls, and outdoor activities like trekking and hiking. * International destinations: Vietnamese people also enjoy traveling abroad, with popular destinations including nearby countries like Thailand, Singapore, Japan, South Korea, and farther destinations like Europe, the United States, and Australia.   The choice of travel destinations varies based on personal interests, budget, accessibility, and the desire to explore new cultures, relax, or experience different environments.  Top of Form |
| Holidays  1. What are some popular holidays in Vietnam?  2. What do people often do on holidays?  3. Do you prefer to stay home or to go out on holidays? Why? | 1. Vietnam celebrates a variety of holidays, both traditional and modern. Some popular holidays in Vietnam include:  * Lunar New Year (Tet): This is the most important and widely celebrated holiday in Vietnam. It marks the beginning of the lunar calendar and is a time for family reunions, paying respects to ancestors, giving and receiving lucky money, and enjoying festive meals. * Independence Day (September 2nd): This holiday commemorates Vietnam's declaration of independence from French colonial rule in 1945. It is celebrated with parades, flag-raising ceremonies, fireworks, and cultural performances. * Reunification Day (April 30th) and Labor Day (May 1st): These two holidays are observed consecutively and often form an extended break for many Vietnamese. Reunification Day marks the end of the Vietnam War, and both holidays are associated with relaxation, travel, and leisure activities. * Mid-Autumn Festival: Celebrated on the 15th day of the eighth lunar month, this festival is especially popular among children. It involves lantern processions, mooncakes, storytelling, and lion dances. * National Day (December 22nd): This holiday commemorates the establishment of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam in 1945. It is celebrated with various cultural events and patriotic displays.   These are just a few examples of popular holidays in Vietnam. There are also religious holidays, regional festivals, and other commemorative events celebrated throughout the country.   1. On holidays, Vietnamese people engage in a range of activities based on the significance and nature of the holiday. Some common activities include:  * Family gatherings: Family plays a central role in Vietnamese culture, so holidays often involve spending time with family members, having meals together, and paying respects to ancestors. * Traditional customs and rituals: Vietnamese people may participate in specific customs and rituals associated with the holiday, such as making offerings at ancestral altars during Lunar New Year or lighting lanterns during the Mid-Autumn Festival. * Travel and leisure activities: Holidays often provide opportunities for Vietnamese people to take short trips, visit tourist destinations, or simply enjoy leisure activities like going to parks, cinemas, or shopping centers. * Festivals and events: Various festivals and events are organized during holidays, showcasing traditional music, dance, food, and cultural performances. People may attend these events to celebrate and experience the festive atmosphere.   The specific activities vary depending on the holiday, personal preferences, and family traditions.   1. Vietnamese people have a diverse approach when it comes to spending holidays. Some prefer to stay home, while others choose to go out. The preference can depend on factors such as:  * Family traditions: Some families have established traditions of staying home during holidays, emphasizing family togetherness and enjoying homemade meals or participating in specific customs. * Travel opportunities: Holidays provide a chance for people to explore new places and take vacations, prompting some to go out and travel within Vietnam or even abroad. * Festive atmosphere: Certain holidays, like Lunar New Year, involve bustling streets, vibrant markets, and public celebrations. Some individuals prefer to go out during such times to experience the festive spirit and participate in community events. * Rest and relaxation: Holidays also offer a break from work or daily routines, and some individuals may prefer to stay home and unwind, enjoying leisure activities, watching movies, or spending quality time with family.   Ultimately, the decision to stay home or go out on holidays varies from person to person, depending on individual preferences, family dynamics, cultural practices, and the significance of the holiday.  Top of Form |
| Facebook  1. How often do you use Facebook?  2. Why is Facebook so popular among young people?  3. What are some benefits of using Facebook? | 1. Facebook is quite popular in Vietnam, and many Vietnamese people use the platform regularly. While I don't have access to real-time data, as of 2021, Vietnam had one of the highest numbers of Facebook users globally, with a significant portion of the population actively using the platform for various purposes, including communication, social networking, and information sharing. 2. Facebook's popularity among young people in Vietnam can be attributed to several factors:  * Connectivity: Facebook provides a convenient and accessible platform for young people to connect with their friends, classmates, and family members, regardless of distance or time zones. It allows them to stay connected, share updates, and engage in conversations. * Social networking: Facebook offers a wide range of features for social networking, such as creating and joining groups, events, and communities based on shared interests, hobbies, or organizations. This enables young people to find like-minded individuals, expand their social circles, and participate in discussions and activities they are passionate about. * Content sharing: Facebook allows users to easily share photos, videos, articles, and other forms of content with their network. Young people can express themselves, showcase their talents, share experiences, and discover new content from their peers, influencers, or pages they follow. * Information and news: Facebook serves as a platform for sharing news, updates, and information on various topics. Young people can stay informed about current events, trends, and social issues through posts, articles, and multimedia shared on the platform. * Entertainment: Facebook offers a wide array of entertaining content, including videos, memes, games, and live streaming. Young people can find engaging and entertaining content to relax, pass time, and stay entertained.  1. Some benefits of using Facebook include:  * Communication: Facebook provides an efficient means of communication, allowing users to easily connect, chat, and share updates with friends and family, regardless of their physical location. * Networking: Facebook offers opportunities for professional networking and collaboration. Users can connect with professionals, join industry-related groups, and discover career opportunities through their connections and shared networks. * Information sharing and discovery: Facebook serves as a platform for sharing information, news, and useful resources. Users can follow pages and accounts related to their interests, explore diverse perspectives, and stay informed about a wide range of topics. * Community engagement: Facebook allows users to engage with communities, interest groups, and causes they care about. It offers a platform for activism, raising awareness, and organizing events or campaigns. * Business and entrepreneurship: Facebook provides tools and features for businesses, entrepreneurs, and content creators to promote their products, services, or content, reach a wider audience, and engage with potential customers or supporters.   It's important to note that while Facebook offers various benefits, it also has its challenges and concerns, such as privacy issues, misinformation, and potential negative effects on mental well-being. It's essential for users to be mindful of their usage and practice responsible digital citizenship.  Top of Form |
| Technology  1. Are you good at technology?  2. How often do you use a computer / the Internet?  3. What do you generally use the Internet for? | 1. Vietnamese people, particularly the younger generation, have embraced technology and demonstrated proficiency in using various technological tools and platforms. With the rapid advancement of technology and increased accessibility to digital devices, Vietnamese individuals have shown a keen interest in technology and have adapted well to its usage in their daily lives. Vietnamese youth, in particular, are known for their technological aptitude and familiarity with digital platforms. 2. The frequency of computer and internet usage in Vietnam has been increasing steadily. Vietnamese people, especially urban dwellers, are increasingly incorporating computers and internet connectivity into their daily routines, whether it be for work, education, entertainment, or communication. 3. Vietnamese people use the internet for a wide range of purposes, including:  * Communication: The internet has revolutionized communication in Vietnam, allowing people to connect with friends, family, and colleagues through various platforms such as social media, messaging apps, and email. * Information and research: The internet provides a vast amount of information on various topics, and Vietnamese users utilize it for research, learning, and staying updated on current events, news, and trends. * Social media: Social media platforms like Facebook, Instagram, and Zalo are popular in Vietnam. Vietnamese people use social media for sharing updates, photos, and videos, connecting with others, following influencers and celebrities, and joining communities and interest groups. * Entertainment: The internet offers a plethora of entertainment options, including streaming movies, TV shows, music, and online gaming. Vietnamese users engage in these activities to relax, be entertained, and follow their interests. * E-commerce and online shopping: Online shopping has gained significant popularity in Vietnam. Vietnamese consumers utilize e-commerce platforms to purchase a wide range of products and services, from fashion and electronics to groceries and food delivery. * Online banking and financial services: Many Vietnamese people use the internet for online banking, financial transactions, and managing their finances. Digital payment services like e-wallets have also gained traction in Vietnam. * Education and e-learning: The internet has become an essential tool for education in Vietnam, particularly during the COVID-19 pandemic. Students and learners access online courses, e-learning platforms, educational resources, and virtual classrooms to continue their studies remotely.   It's important to note that internet usage and preferences may vary among individuals based on factors such as age, location, education level, and personal interests.  Top of Form |
| Transportation  1. What is your favorite means of transport? Why?  2. What are the advantages of going to school by bicycle?  3. Do you like using public transport in your town or city? | 1. Motorbikes are the most popular means of transport in Vietnam. They are favored for several reasons:  * Affordability and accessibility: Motorbikes are relatively more affordable compared to cars and offer greater accessibility in congested urban areas and rural regions where public transportation options may be limited. * Maneuverability: Motorbikes can easily navigate through narrow streets and heavy traffic, providing flexibility and convenience for commuting in busy cities. * Cost-effective: Motorbikes are fuel-efficient, making them a cost-effective mode of transportation for daily commuting. * Adaptability: Motorbikes are versatile and can accommodate varying passenger loads and cargo requirements, making them suitable for individuals, families, and small businesses. * Cultural factors: Motorbikes have become ingrained in Vietnamese culture and are associated with a sense of freedom, independence, and mobility.  1. Going to school by bicycle offers several advantages:  * Physical activity: Riding a bicycle to school promotes physical activity and contributes to a healthier lifestyle. It helps students incorporate exercise into their daily routine, improving cardiovascular health and overall fitness. * Environmental sustainability: Cycling is an eco-friendly mode of transport that reduces carbon emissions and contributes to a cleaner environment. By choosing bicycles over motorized vehicles, students can help reduce air pollution and support sustainable practices. * Cost savings: Bicycles require minimal maintenance and do not require fuel expenses. They are a cost-effective mode of transportation, especially for students or families on a tight budget. * Traffic congestion: Using bicycles for school commuting can help alleviate traffic congestion around school areas. This can improve traffic flow and reduce the overall transportation burden during peak hours. * Independence and confidence: Riding a bicycle provides students with a sense of independence and self-reliance. It boosts their confidence in navigating their surroundings, understanding road safety rules, and developing a greater awareness of their environment.  1. Public transport usage in towns and cities in Vietnam varies depending on factors such as location, infrastructure, and personal preferences. While some Vietnamese people do utilize public transport in urban areas, it is not as widely used compared to motorbikes or private vehicles. There are a few reasons for this:  * Convenience: Motorbikes offer greater flexibility and convenience, allowing individuals to travel directly to their destinations without the need to wait for scheduled public transport or navigate multiple transfers. * Availability and coverage: Public transport systems in some towns and cities may not have extensive coverage or convenient routes, making them less appealing for daily commuting. * Speed and time efficiency: In congested urban areas, motorbikes can often navigate through traffic more quickly than public transport, reducing travel time. * Familiarity: Many Vietnamese individuals have grown up using motorbikes as their primary mode of transport, and they may feel more comfortable and accustomed to this form of transportation.   However, it's worth noting that efforts are being made to improve public transport infrastructure and services in Vietnamese cities, including the introduction of bus rapid transit systems and the development of metro lines, aiming to provide more efficient and sustainable transportation options for urban residents. |
| Weather  1. How many seasons are there in Vietnam?  2. Which season do you enjoy most? Why?  3. What do you like to do when it rains? | 1. Depending on different regions, there are different ways to classify seasons. For example, in the North of Vietnam, there are 4 seasons, including spring, summer, autumn and winter. However, in the South of Vietnam, there are only 2 main seasons: the rainy and the dry season. 2. The preferred season in Vietnam may vary depending on personal preferences and the region one resides in. However, many Vietnamese people tend to enjoy spring the most. Spring in Vietnam is typically from February to April and is characterized by milder temperatures, blooming flowers, and the celebration of the Lunar New Year (Tet). It is a time of renewal and new beginnings, and people often look forward to the festive atmosphere, family gatherings, and the optimistic spirit that comes with the new year. 3. When it rains in Vietnam, people often engage in activities that provide comfort or entertainment indoors. Some common things people enjoy doing when it rains include:  * Drinking hot beverages: Vietnamese people often savor a cup of hot tea or coffee during rainy weather. It creates a cozy atmosphere and provides warmth. * Reading books or watching movies: Rainy days provide an opportunity for individuals to indulge in reading books, catching up on their favorite TV shows or movies, or enjoying other forms of indoor entertainment. * Spending time with family: Rainy weather may prompt family members to gather together indoors, engage in conversations, play board games, or simply enjoy each other's company. * Cooking or baking: Some people like to take advantage of the rainy day to try new recipes, bake delicious treats, or prepare warm and comforting meals at home. * Relaxing and resting: Rainy weather often creates a calming ambiance, encouraging people to take a break from their usual activities, relax, and unwind. * Listening to music: Rainy days can be a great time for individuals to listen to their favorite music, create playlists, or discover new songs, enhancing the cozy atmosphere. * Reflecting and introspecting: The sound of rain can have a soothing effect and provide a conducive environment for introspection, self-reflection, or engaging in creative pursuits like writing or drawing.   These activities can vary based on personal preferences, age, and individual circumstances, but they often aim to make the most of the indoor environment and enjoy the tranquility and coziness that rainy weather brings. |